



The 1968 Sanitation Workers' Strike that Drew MLK Guided Practice (Source)

Instructions: Read the website resource and complete the video guided practice.			
1) On February 12, 1968, 1,300 Black workers in			
Memphis began a strike to demand better working conditions and higher pay.			
2) The drew Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr. to Memphis,			
Tennessee, which was the setting for his "I've Been to the Mountaintop"			
speech and <u>his assassination</u> .			
3) The city of Memphis expected collectors to work			
long hours for meager wages and without overtime pay.			
4) A couple of weeks before the strike, workers' dissatisfaction reached new			
heights when two men, Echol Cole and Robert Walker, were			
while on the job.			
5) When the city then refused to provide to the			
deceased workers' families, workers walked off the job in disgust.			
6) According to the King Institute at Stanford, the strike kicked off successfully			
with a several-hundred-person, which led the city council			
to acknowledge the sanitation workers' union and support raises.			





7) The mayor, however, refus	sed these concessi	ions, and, on February 23,
1968, police confronted pead	ceful protesters witl	h
8) Memphis' Black leaders for	ormed a	to support
the strike and invited Dr. Kin-	g to come and lend	d his voice to the struggle.
9) This cause was well	····	to King's priorities at the time.
10) Dr. King gave a speech t	to a 25,000-person	crowd in
on March 18, 1968.		
11) On March 28, 1968, King	g returned to Memp	ohis to lead a
in support of the strike.		
12) The protest turned ugly v	when an outside gr	oup became
13) In response, protesters r	marched wearing "I	I Am A"
sandwich boards, demanding		
14) On April 3, King returned	d to Memphis and d	delivered his
speech, "I've Been to the Mo	ountaintop."	
15) On April 4,	, <u>King was fatal</u>	Ily shot at the Lorraine Motel in
Memphis.		
16) In Memphis, the sanitation	on workers' struggle	e continued, with the added
support of King's	. Coretta S	Scott King.





17) A few days after King's assassination, Mrs.	_ and other
leaders returned to Memphis' streets to support the workers.	
18) On April 16, 1968, the city agreed to grant	to African
American employees and recognize the workers' union.	